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Craig A. Slavin

PATENT

Docket No. 380112-141



IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Assistant Commissioner For Patents
BOX Patent Application
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the new patent application of:

Inventor(s): Michael H. L. Cheng**Title:** Golf Club Shaft Having Multiple Metal Fiber Layers

Enclosed are:

- ☒ Specification, claims and abstract, totalling 15 pages.
- ☒ 5 Sheets of Drawings X Informal Formal (Figs. 1-10)
- ☒ Declaration and Petition
- ☒ Assignment of the invention to Harrison Sports, Inc. including Assignment Cover sheet and Check No. for \$40.00
- ☒ A Power of Attorney
- ☒ A Verified Statement Claiming Small Entity Status

The filing fee has been calculated as shown below:

FOR:	CLAIMS FILED	NO. EXTRA	SMALL ENTITY RATE	SMALL ENTITY FEE	STANDARD RATE	STANDARD FEE
BASIC FEE				\$345		\$690
TOTAL CLAIMS	35 minus 20 =	15	X \$9	\$135	X \$18 =	\$
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS	3 minus 3 =	0	X \$39	\$480	X \$78 =	\$
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS PRESENTED			X \$130 =		X \$260 =	
			TOTAL \$	\$480	TOTAL	\$

- ☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. 50-0638 the amount of \$ _____. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
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 - ☒ Any filing fees under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 for presentation of extra claims.
 - ☒ Any patent application processing fees under 37 C.F.R. 1.17.
 - ☐ The issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at or before mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.311(b).

Respectfully submitted,

Date

6/23/00

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09602049 062300

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

Docket No. 380112-141

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING Michael H. L. Cheng
TITLE OF PERSON OTHER THAN OWNER President
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DATE 6/23/2000, 2000 SIGNATURE Michael H. L. Cheng

GOLF CLUB SHAFT HAVING MULTIPLE METAL FIBER LAYERS

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of Invention

The present invention relates generally to golf clubs and, more particularly, to composite resin/fiber golf club shafts.

2. Description of the Related Art

Many substitutes have been introduced for the hard wood shafts originally used in golf club drivers and irons. Early substitute materials included stainless steel and aluminum. More recently, carbon fiber reinforced resin shafts have become popular. Such shafts are typically hollow and consist of a shaft wall formed around a tapered mandrel. The use of fiber reinforced resin has allowed golf club manufacturers to produce shafts having varying degrees of strength, flexibility and torsional stiffness. As such, manufacturers are able to produce shafts which suit the needs of a wide variety of golfers.

Nevertheless, manufactures are faced with a variety of design issues that have proven difficult to overcome using conventional fiber reinforced resin technologies. For example, some golfers prefer that the center of gravity of the shaft be shifted towards the tip of the shaft in order to increase the striking force when the club head impacts the golf ball. This can be difficult to accomplish with conventional technologies because composite materials are generally light. It is also preferable in some instances to increase the kick of the shaft. One conventional method of increasing the kick of a shaft is to use a large number of graphite fibers that have a very high modulus of elasticity. This method is, however, very expensive. Another method is to alter the shape of the shaft, as is disclosed in commonly assigned U.S. Patent No. 5,957,783. Another design issue is the location of the shaft flex point and, more specifically, the inability of shaft designers to precisely predict the location of the flex point when designing a shaft without using excessive amounts of composite material, which can lead to weight

and thickness issues.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 The general object of the present invention is to provide a golf club shaft that eliminates, for practical purposes, the aforementioned problems. In particular, one object of the present invention is to provide a golf club shaft with more mass in and around the tip section than conventional shafts. Another object of the present invention is to provide a golf club shaft with increased kick that does not require a large number of carbon fibers with a high modulus of elasticity. Still another object
10 of the present invention is to provide a golf club shaft which facilitates precise location of the flex point.

In order to accomplish these and other objectives, a golf club shaft in accordance with the present invention includes a plurality of fiber reinforced resin layers and respective pluralities of at least first and second metal fibers that are
15 different from one another in at least one way. Use of the metal fibers allows golf club shafts to manufactured with certain properties that correspond to the fibers themselves. Use of the metal fibers also allows these properties to be achieved in a manner that is easier, more accurate, and more cost effective than can be achieved with conventional fiber reinforced resin manufacturing techniques.

20 For example, one embodiment of the present invention includes three different groups of metal fibers, i.e. a plurality of relatively heavy metal fibers, a plurality of relatively stiff metal fibers and a plurality of relatively resilient metal fibers. The ends of the metal fibers are aligned with the tip. The relatively heavy metal fibers preferably extend about 5 inches to about 8 inches from the tip and are
25 primarily used to increase the mass of the shaft in and around the tip section. The relatively stiff metal fibers, which are primarily used to define the flex point of the shaft, preferably extend about 10 inches to about 16 inches from the tip. The relatively resilient metal fibers extend at least about 20 inches from the tip and are primarily used to increase the kick of the shaft.

30 The above described and many other features and attendant advantages of

the present invention will become apparent as the invention becomes better understood by reference to the following detailed description when considered in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

5 **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

Detailed description of preferred embodiments of the invention will be made with reference to the accompanying drawings.

FIGURE 1 is a side view of a golf club in accordance with a preferred embodiment of a present invention.

10 FIGURE 2 is an elevation view of the butt end of the golf club shaft illustrated in FIGURE 1.

FIGURE 3 is an exploded partial view of the tip end of the golf club shaft illustrated in FIGURE 1.

FIGURE 4 is a partial section view taken through line 4-4 in FIGURE 1.

15 FIGURE 5 is a diagrammatic view showing the relative lengths of the metal fibers in the golf club shaft illustrated in FIGURE 1.

FIGURE 6 is a partial end elevation view of a prepreg sheet used to form a metal fiber layer.

20 FIGURE 7 is an exploded partial section view of a golf club shaft in accordance with another preferred embodiment of the present invention taken from the same position as FIGURE 4.

FIGURE 8 is an exploded partial section view of a golf club shaft in accordance with still another preferred embodiment of the present invention taken from the same position as FIGURE 4.

25 FIGURE 9 is an exploded partial section view of a golf club shaft in accordance with yet another preferred embodiment of the present invention taken from the same position as FIGURE 4.

30 FIGURE 10 is an exploded partial section view of a golf club shaft in accordance with another preferred embodiment of the present invention taken from the same position as FIGURE 4.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The following is a detailed description of the best presently known modes of carrying out the invention. This description is not to be taken in a limiting sense, but is made merely for the purpose of illustrating the general principles of the invention.

5 The scope of the invention is defined by the appended claims.

As illustrated for example in FIGURE 1, a golf club shaft 10 in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention includes a hollow shaft 12, a grip 14, and a club head 16. The exemplary shaft 12 is divided into three sections - the grip section 18 which is covered by the grip 14, the tip section 20 which supports the club head 16, and the main body section 22 which extends from the distal end of the grip section to the proximal end of the tip section. In the illustrated embodiment, the grip section 18 is substantially cylindrical, the tip section 20 is substantially cylindrical, and the main body section 22 has a substantially constant taper. The present invention is not, however, limited to such a configuration. Other grip section, tip section and main body section configurations and shapes, such as those disclosed in commonly assigned U.S. Patent Nos. 5,944,618 and 5,957,783, both of which are incorporated herein by reference, may also be employed.

The fiber reinforced resin composite portions of the exemplary shaft 12 may be formed in conventional fashion by wrapping multiple layers (typically 10-20 layers total) of a fiber reinforced resin composite over a mandrel until the desired wall thickness is obtained. Referring more specifically to FIGURES 2 and 3, the exemplary shaft 12 includes layer groups 24, 26, 28 and 30 which are preferably oriented at different angles with respect to the longitudinal axis of the shaft 12. Each of the groups includes a plurality of fiber reinforced resin layers. The fibers within the respective layers of each group are parallel to one another. The fibers 24a and 26a in the layers within groups 24 and 26 are angled from 30-90 degrees with respect to the longitudinal axis, while the fibers 28a and 30a in layer groups 28 and 30 are parallel to the longitudinal axis. Other layer and layer group combinations may also be employed in embodiments of the present invention. For example, layer groups 24 and 26 may be combined (a total of 5-10 layers, for example) and the

individual layers arranged such that the fibers in successive layers are oriented at different angles with respect to the longitudinal axis.

It should be noted that the dimensions of the shafts illustrated in the drawings are exaggerated. Commercial embodiments of the shafts described herein may range from about 33 inches to about 46 inches in overall length. With respect to the tip section 20, the length may range from about 3 inches to about 7 inches and the outer diameter (OD) may range from about 0.370 inch to about 0.500 inch for irons and from about 0.335 inch to about 0.500 inch for woods. The length of the grip section 18 may range from about 6 inches to about 10 inches. The exemplary grip section may be either substantially cylindrical (as shown) with an OD of about 0.58 inch to about 0.62 inch or tapered from an OD of about 0.81 inch to about 1.0 inch at the butt to an OD of about 0.55 inch to about 0.70 inch at the grip section/main body section intersection. The wall thickness is preferably between about 0.6 mm and about 1.5 mm.

In accordance with the present invention, the exemplary shaft 12 also includes a number of metal fiber layers. As illustrated for example in FIGURES 3-5, the preferred embodiment of the present invention includes three metal fiber layers 32, 34 and 36 extending proximally from the tip of the tip section 20. Layers 32, 34 and 36 include respective pluralities of metal fibers 32a, 34a and 36a. The metals from which the fibers 32a, 34a and 36a are formed, as well as the length and location of the layers, will depend of the desired result. Each metal fiber layer 32, 34 and 36 in the preferred embodiment includes metal fibers formed from a different metal than the other two layers, and each extends from the tip to regions located different distances from the tip.

More specifically, metal fiber layer 32 in the exemplary embodiment illustrated in FIGURES 3-5 is located in region C between fiber reinforced resin layers 24 and 26. Metal fibers 32a are formed from a relatively heavy metal such as tungsten and extend about 5 inches to about 8 inches from the tip. Lead is another suitable metal. The primary function of the relatively heavy fibers 32a is to increase the mass of the shaft in and around the tip section 20. Metal fiber layer 34, which

includes fibers 34a formed from a relatively stiff metal such as boron, is located in region B between fiber reinforced resin layers 26 and 28 and extends about 10 inches to about 16 inches from the tip. The relatively stiff metal should also be relatively light. Another suitable metal is beryllium. The primary purpose of the relatively stiff fibers 34a is to define the flex point of the shaft. Metal fibers 36a are formed from a relatively resilient metal (i.e. a metal with a relatively high modulus of elasticity) such as titanium and extend from the tip to at least about 20 inches from the tip and, if desired, all the way from the tip to the butt. Metal fiber layer 36 is located in region A between fiber reinforced resin layers 28 and 30. The relatively resilient metal should also be relatively light. The primary purpose of the relatively resilient fibers 36a is to increase the kick of the shaft.

Referring to FIGURES 3 and 6, the metal fiber layers 32, 34 and 36 are preferably pre-preg sheets formed by winding the metal fibers 32a, 34a and 36a onto resin pre-impregnated fiberglass sheets (or "scrim cloth") 32b, 34b and 36b. Although the actual dimensions may vary, the fiberglass sheets 32b, 34b and 36b are relatively thin (preferably about 0.02 mm to about 0.05 mm thick) with a weight of about 20 g/m². The respective diameters of the metal fibers 32a, 34a and 36a in the preferred embodiment may range from about 0.002 inch to about 0.008 inch and are preferably about 0.004 inch to about 0.006 inch. The density of the metal fibers may range from about 10 fibers/inch to about 200 fibers/inch and is preferably about 20 fibers/inch. Alternatively, the metal fibers 32a, 34a and 36a may be incorporated into a layer of resin to form a composite pre-preg sheet. In either case, each pre-preg sheet is wrapped around the appropriate fiber reinforced resin layer during manufacture of the shaft.

Shafts in accordance with present invention are not limited to the exemplary configuration illustrated in FIGURES 3-5. Metal fiber layers 32, 34 and 36 may be relocated relative to the fiber reinforced resin layer groups 24, 26, 28 and 30 and relocated relative to one another. In addition, more than one metal fiber layer may be located in a single region between a given pair of fiber reinforced resin layer groups. Metal fiber layer 32, which includes relatively heavy fibers 32a, may be

located in regions A, B, C (as shown) or D, either alone or in combination with one or both of the other metal fiber layers. Metal fiber layers 34 and 36, which respectively include relatively stiff and relatively resilient fibers 34a and 36a, may be located in layers A and B either alone (as shown), together and/or in combination with metal fiber layer 32.

The performance properties of shafts in accordance with the present invention may be adjusted through variations in the respective locations, lengths, metal fiber densities and other properties of the metal fiber layers 32, 34 and 36. For example, the greater the circumference of the layer, the greater the number of fibers and, therefore, the greater the effect of the metal fiber layer. Thus, for a given fiber density, the location of the metal fiber layer 32 will determine the weight of the metal fiber layer. The weight of metal fiber layer 32 may also be varied by varying the density of the fibers 32a within the layer and/or the diameter of the fibers. Similar adjustments may be made with respect to metal fiber layers 34 and 36. In addition, in alternative embodiments, any one of the layers may be omitted if the performance property created thereby is not desired.

By way of example, but not limitation, shafts having some of the possible alternative configurations are illustrated in FIGURES 7-9. The exemplary shaft 38 illustrated in FIGURE 7 includes relatively heavy metal fibers 32a that are located in region B and relatively stiff and resilient metal fibers 34a and 36a that are both located in region A. As compared to shaft configuration illustrated in FIGURES 3 and 4, shaft 38 will have a greater mass in and around the tip section and will be also be stiffer.

The exemplary shaft 40 illustrated in FIGURE 8 includes relatively heavy metal fibers 32a that are located in region D, relatively stiff metal fibers 34a that are located in region A, and relatively resilient metal fibers 36a that are located in region B. As compared to shaft configuration illustrated in FIGURES 3 and 4, shaft 40 will have a lesser mass in and around the tip section.

As illustrated for example in FIGURE 9, exemplary shaft 42 includes relatively heavy metal fibers 32a that are located in region A, relatively stiff and

resilient metal fibers 34a and 36a that are both located in region B. Shaft 42 will have a greater mass in and around the tip section than the shafts illustrated in FIGURES 3 and 4, 7 and 8. Additionally, as compared to the shaft illustrated in FIGURES 3 and 4, shaft 42 will have less kick.

5 The exemplary embodiment 44 illustrated in FIGURE 10 is substantially similar to that illustrated in FIGURES 3 and 4. Here, however, the outer-most fiber reinforced resin layer group 30 has been removed and replaced by one or more resin pre-impregnated fiberglass sheets 46. One advantage of this embodiment is that the metal fibers 36a, which are not visible to the user through the outer-most
10 fiber reinforced resin layer group 30, will be visible through the resin pre-impregnated fiberglass sheet(s) 46. The outer-most fiber reinforced resin layer group in any of the other exemplary embodiments described herein may also be replaced with one or more resin pre-impregnated fiberglass sheets.

15 The present invention may be practiced with any of the materials typically used to produce composite resin/fiber golf club shafts. Suitable resins include, for example, thermosetting resins or polymers such as polyesters, epoxies, phenolics, melamines, silicones, polyimides, polyurethanes and thermoplastics. Suitable fibers include, for example, carbon-based fibers such as graphite, glass fibers, aramid fibers, and extended chain polyethylene fibers. After the successive layers of fiber
20 reinforced resin are wrapped around the mandrel, the shaft is cured in an oven. Curing times and temperatures depend on the polymer used in the composite and are well known to those of skill in the art.

25 Shafts and rods having fiber reinforced layers and metal fiber layers in accordance with the present inventions also have application in devices other than golf club shafts. For example, baseball bats, bike tubes, sail masts and fishing rods may be formed with the above described layer combinations.

30 Although the present invention has been described in terms of the preferred embodiment above, numerous modifications and/or additions to the above-described preferred embodiments would be readily apparent to one skilled in the art. It is intended that the scope of the present invention extends to all such

modifications and/or additions and that the scope of the present invention is limited solely by the claims set forth below.

continued on next page

I claim:

1 1. A golf club shaft, comprising:
2 a plurality of resin layers defining a tip, a tip section, a main body
3 section, a grip section, and a butt; and
4 a plurality of first metal fibers defining a first length located between
5 two of the resin layers; and
6 a plurality of second metal fibers defining a second length located
7 between two of the resin layers, the second length being greater than the first
8 length.

1 2. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 1, wherein the plurality of resin
2 layers comprises a plurality of fiber reinforced resin layers.

1 3. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 2, wherein the plurality of fiber
2 reinforced resin layers includes a group of layers with fibers angled with respect to
3 the longitudinal axis of the shaft and a group of layers with fibers substantially
4 parallel to the longitudinal axis.

1 4. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first and second
2 metal fibers define respective longitudinal ends and one of the longitudinal ends of
3 each of the fibers is substantially aligned with the tip.

1 5. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first metal fibers
2 comprise relatively heavy metal fibers.

1 6. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 5, wherein the first metal fibers
2 comprise tungsten fibers.

1 7. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 5, wherein the first metal fibers
2 are about 5 inches to about 8 inches in length.

1 8. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 1, wherein the second metal
2 fibers comprise relatively stiff metal fibers.

1 9. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 8, wherein the second metal
2 fibers comprise boron fibers.

1 10. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 8, wherein the second metal
2 fibers are about 10 inches to about 16 inches in length.

1 11. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 1, further comprising:
2 a plurality of third metal fibers defining a third length located
3 between two of the resin layers, the third length being greater than the second
4 length.

1 12. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 11, wherein the third metal fibers
2 comprise relatively resilient metal fibers.

1 13. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 12, wherein the third metal fibers
2 comprise titanium fibers.

1 14. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 12, wherein the third metal fibers
2 are at least about 20 inches in length.

1 15. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first and second
2 metal fibers are substantially linear.

1 16. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first and second
2 metal fibers are formed from different metals.

1 17. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first and second
2 metal fibers are located between the same two resin layers.

1 18. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 1, wherein one of the resin layers
2 defines an outer-most resin layer formed from a resin pre-impregnated fiberglass
3 sheet.

1 19. A golf club shaft, comprising:
2 a plurality of resin layers defining a tip, a tip section, a main body
3 section, a grip section, and a butt; and
4 a plurality of first metal fibers located between two of the resin layers;
5 and
6 a plurality of second metal fibers located between two of the resin
7 layers, the second metal fibers being formed from a different metal than the first
8 metal fibers.

1 20. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 19, wherein the plurality of resin
2 layers comprises a plurality of fiber reinforced resin layers.

1 21. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 20, wherein the plurality of fiber
2 reinforced resin layers includes a group of layers with fibers angled with respect to
3 the longitudinal axis of the shaft and a group of layers with fibers substantially
4 parallel to the longitudinal axis.

1 22. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 19, wherein the first metal fibers
2 comprise relatively heavy metal fibers.

1 23. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 22, wherein the first metal
2 fibers comprise tungsten fibers.

1 24. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 19, wherein the second metal
2 fibers comprise relatively stiff metal fibers.

1 25. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 24, wherein the second metal
2 fibers comprise boron fibers.

1 26. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 19, further comprising:
2 a plurality of third metal fibers located between two of the resin
3 layers, the third metal fibers being formed from a different metal than the first and
4 second metal fibers.

1 27. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 26, wherein the third metal fibers
2 comprise relatively resilient metal fibers.

1 28. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 27, wherein the third metal fibers
2 comprise titanium fibers.

1 29. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 26, wherein the first metal fibers
2 comprise relatively heavy metal fibers, the second metal fibers comprise relatively
3 stiff metal fibers, and the third metal fibers comprise relatively resilient metal fibers.

1 30. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 29, wherein the first metal fibers
2 define a first length, the second metal fibers define a second length, and the third
3 metal fibers define a third length, the second length being greater than the first
4 length and the third length being greater than the second length.

1 31. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 19, wherein the first and second
2 metal fibers are substantially linear.

1 32. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 19, wherein the first and second
2 metal fibers are located between the same two resin layers.

1 33. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 19, wherein one of the resin
2 layers defines an outer-most resin layer formed from a resin pre-impregnated
3 fiberglass sheet.

1 34. A golf club shaft, comprising:
2 a plurality of fiber reinforced resin layers defining a tip, a tip section, a
3 main body section, a grip section, and a butt; and
4 a plurality of relatively heavy metal fibers extending from the tip
5 towards to butt, defining a first length and located between two of the fiber
6 reinforced resin layers;
7 a plurality of relatively stiff metal fibers extending from the tip towards
8 to butt, defining a second length and located between two of the fiber reinforced
9 resin layers, the second length being greater than the first length; and
10 a plurality of relatively resilient metal fibers extending from the tip
11 towards to butt, defining a third length and located between two of the fiber
12 reinforced resin layers, the third length being greater than the second length.

1 35. A golf club shaft as claimed in claim 34, wherein at least one of the
2 plurality of relatively heavy metal fibers, the plurality of relatively stiff metal fibers,
3 and the plurality of relatively resilient metal fibers is located between a different two
4 of the fiber reinforced resin layers than the other of the plurality of relatively heavy
5 metal fibers, the plurality of relatively stiff metal fibers, and the plurality of relatively
6 resilient metal fibers.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

1 A golf club shaft including a fiber reinforced resin layers and a variety of
2 metal fibers.

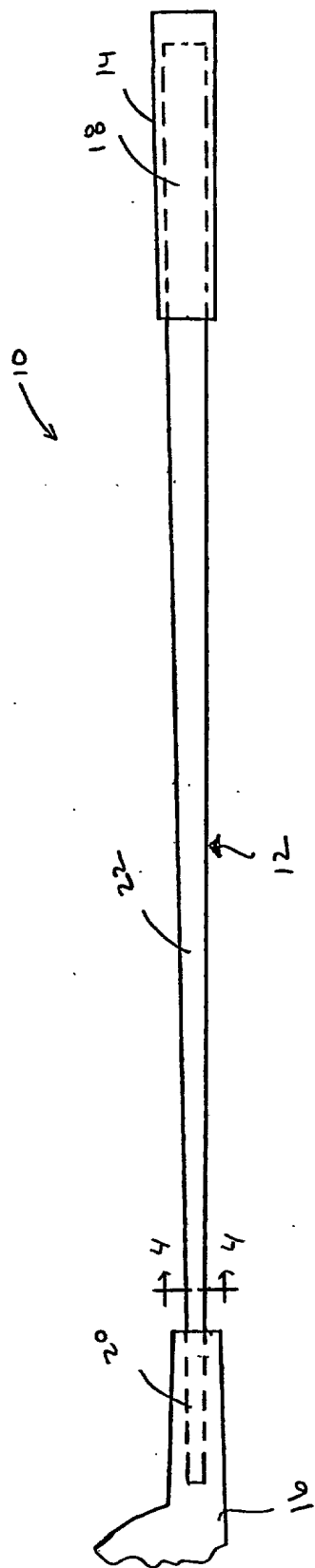


FIG. 1

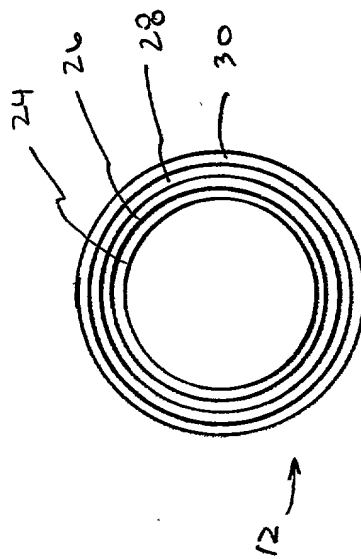
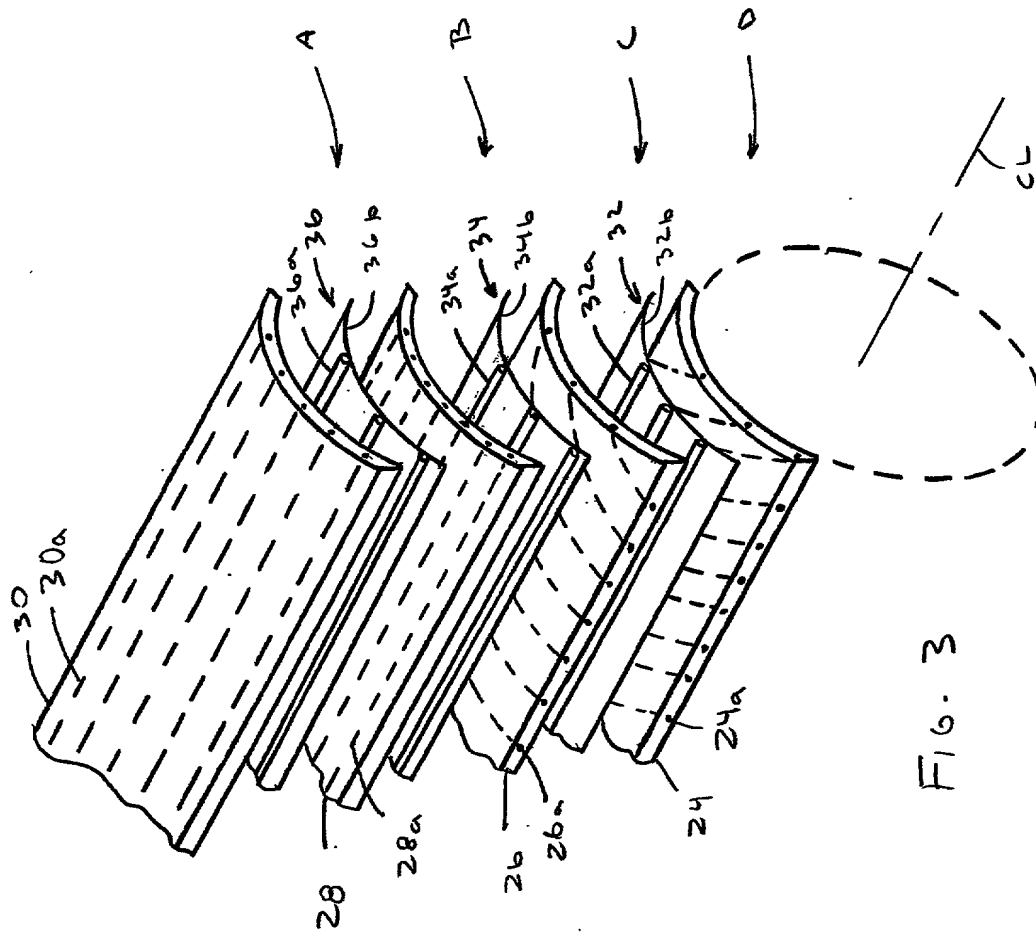


FIG. 2



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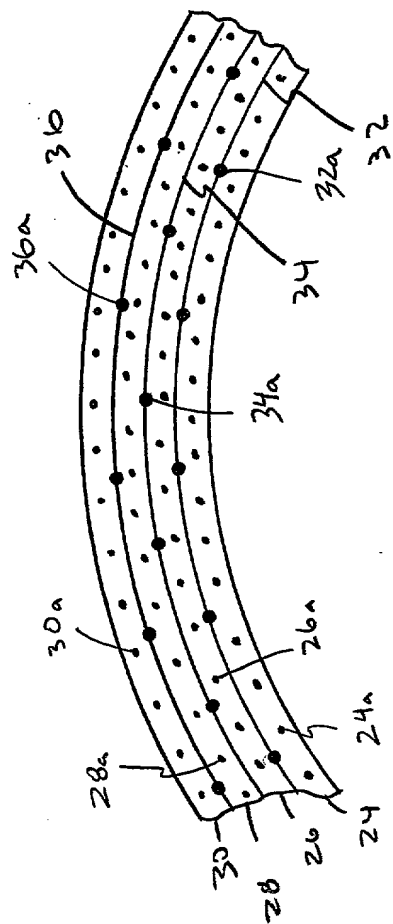
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Fig. 4

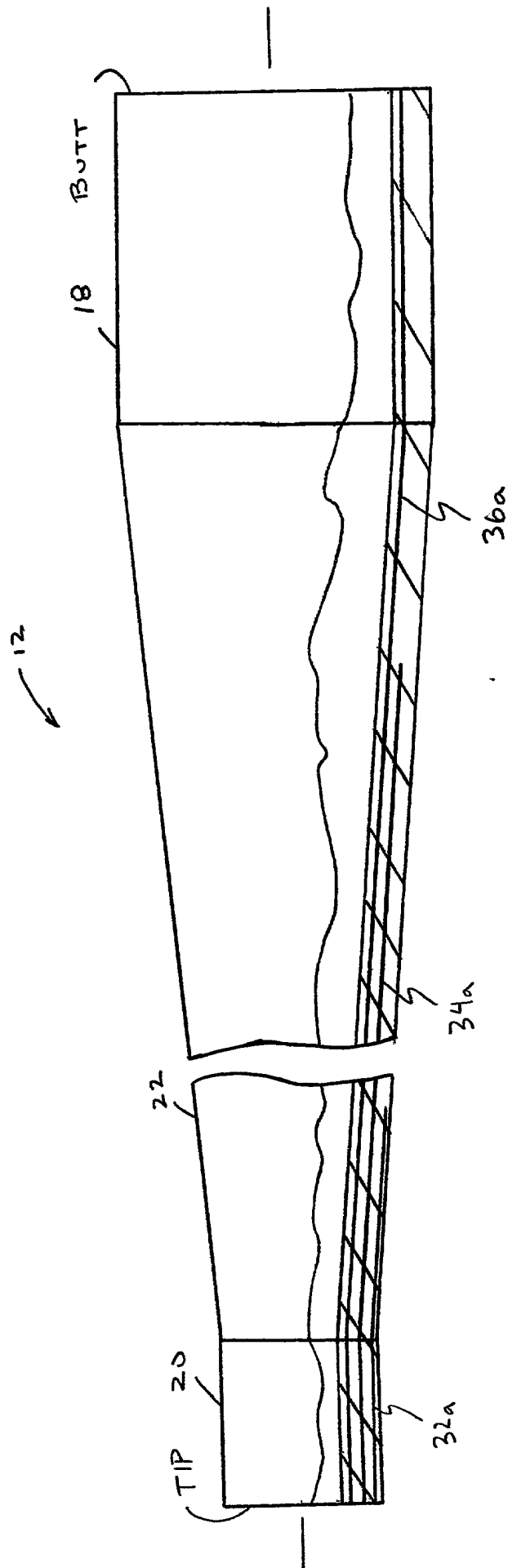
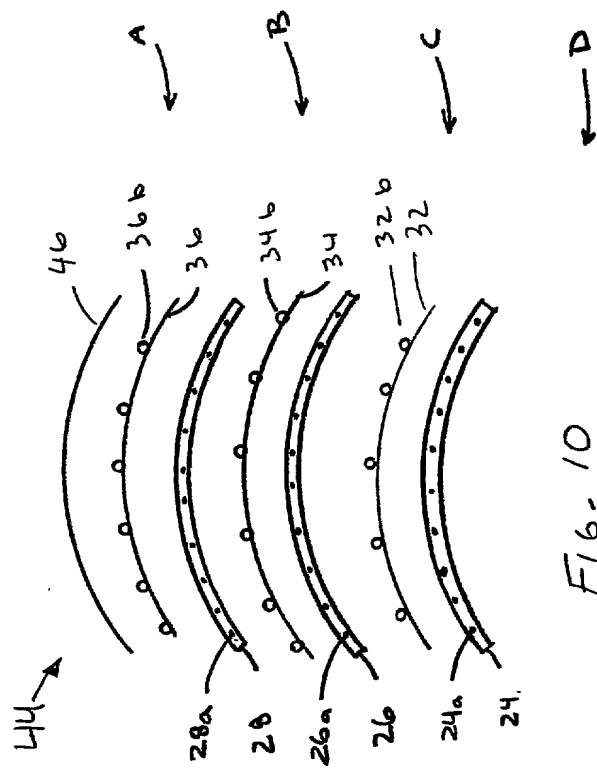
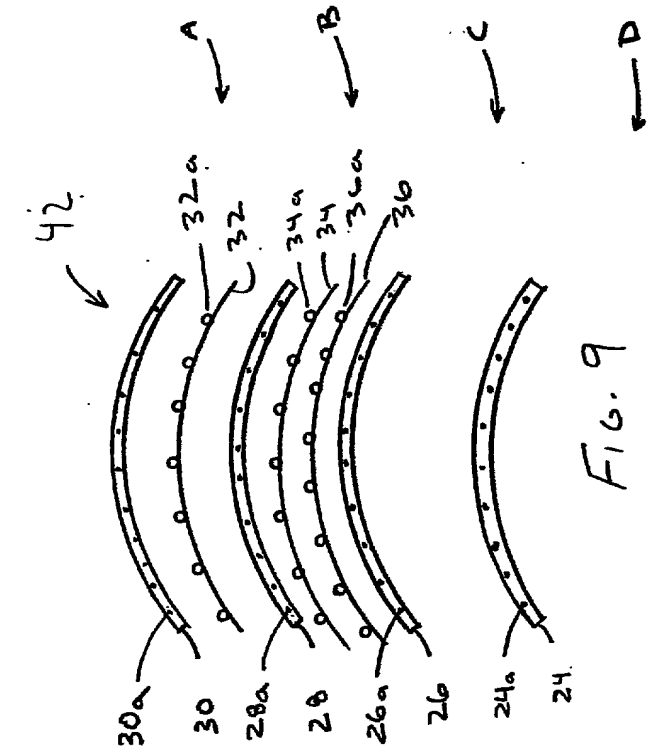


Fig. 5



DECLARATION AND PETITION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled **GOLF CLUB SHAFT HAVING MULTIPLE METAL FIBER LAYERS** the specification of which is attached hereto.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is known by me to be material to the patentability in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application of which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

			Priority Claimed	
(Number)	(Country)	(Day, month, year filed)	Yes	No
(Number)	(Country)	(Day, month, year filed)	Yes	No
(Number)	(Country)	(Day, month, year filed)	Yes	No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	Filing Date	(Status)	(Patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial No.)	Filing Date	(Status)	(Patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Please send all correspondence to:

Henricks, Slavin & Holmes LLP
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El Segundo, California 90245
Attn: Craig A. Slavin, Esq.
(310) 563-1458

Wherefore I pray that Letters Patent be granted to me for the invention or discovery described and claimed in the foregoing specification and claims, and I hereby subscribe my name to the foregoing specification and claims, declaration, and this petition.

Full name of sole or first inventor Michael H. L. Cheng

Inventor's signature Michael H. L. Cheng

Date 6/21/2000

Residence 3141 Geronimo, Simi Valley, California 93063

Citizenship United States of America

Post Office Address same as above

PATENT

Atty. Docket No.: 380112-141

Applicant: Cheng

Title: Golf Club Shaft Having Multiple
Metal Fiber Layers

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Assistant. Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

POWER OF ATTORNEY

Sir:

Harrison Sports, Inc., having become the owner of all rights in and to the above-identified application by virtue of an Assignment executed by the inventors concurrently with the execution of the application, hereby appoints:

J. A. Henricks, Reg. 31,168
C. A. Slavin, Reg. 35,362
P. H. Holmes, Reg. 37,353

whose address is:

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El Segundo, California 90245
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their attorneys to prosecute said application and to transact in connection therewith all business in the Patent and Trademark Office and before competent International Authorities.

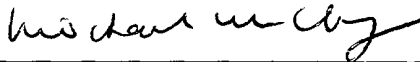
The undersigned has reviewed all the documents in the chain of title of the patent application identified above and, to the best of undersigned's knowledge and belief, title is in the assignee identified above.

The undersigned, whose title is supplied below, is empowered to act on behalf of the assignee.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Harrison Sports, Inc.

Date: 6/21/2000



Michael H. L. Cheng
President